

# ASHES, Vol. 18(6) - Cannabis or tobacco: Which type of smoking is more common in homes?

May 31, 2022

Cannabis is one of the [most commonly used drugs worldwide](#). Cannabis smoke produces [heavy particulate matter emissions](#), which is [linked to cardiovascular harm](#) for both the smoker and also potentially for [others around them who do not smoke](#). Though there are similar health risks, smoking cannabis is often seen as [safer than smoking tobacco](#), and more people [allow cannabis smoking in their homes](#). Understanding the rate of in-home cannabis smoking can help inform the need for public health educational campaigns. This week, ASHES reviews a [study by John Bellettiere and colleagues](#) that compared in-home cannabis and tobacco smoking among psychoactive drug users from 17 countries.

## **What was the research question?**

Is in-home cannabis smoking more common than in-home tobacco smoking, and do rates vary between types of smokers?

## **What did the researchers do?**

The study [sample](#) included 107,274 adults (globally defined; at least 16 years old) who took the [2019 Global Drug Survey \(GDS\)](#) and reported past-year use of at least one [psychoactive drug](#). The researchers asked respondents about in-home smoking,<sup>1</sup> current cannabis use,<sup>2</sup> and current tobacco use.<sup>3</sup> Using [predicted probabilities](#), the researchers compared in-home smoking rates across four groups: cannabis-only users, tobacco-only users, cannabis and tobacco users (dual users), and non-users.

## **What did they find?**

Past-year in-home cannabis smoking was more common than past-year in-home tobacco smoking (54% to 51%; see Figure). Dual users reported higher past-year in-home smoking rates than single-product users, and were more likely to report in-home cannabis smoking than in-home tobacco smoking. Cannabis-only users reported higher rates of in-home smoking compared to tobacco-only users.

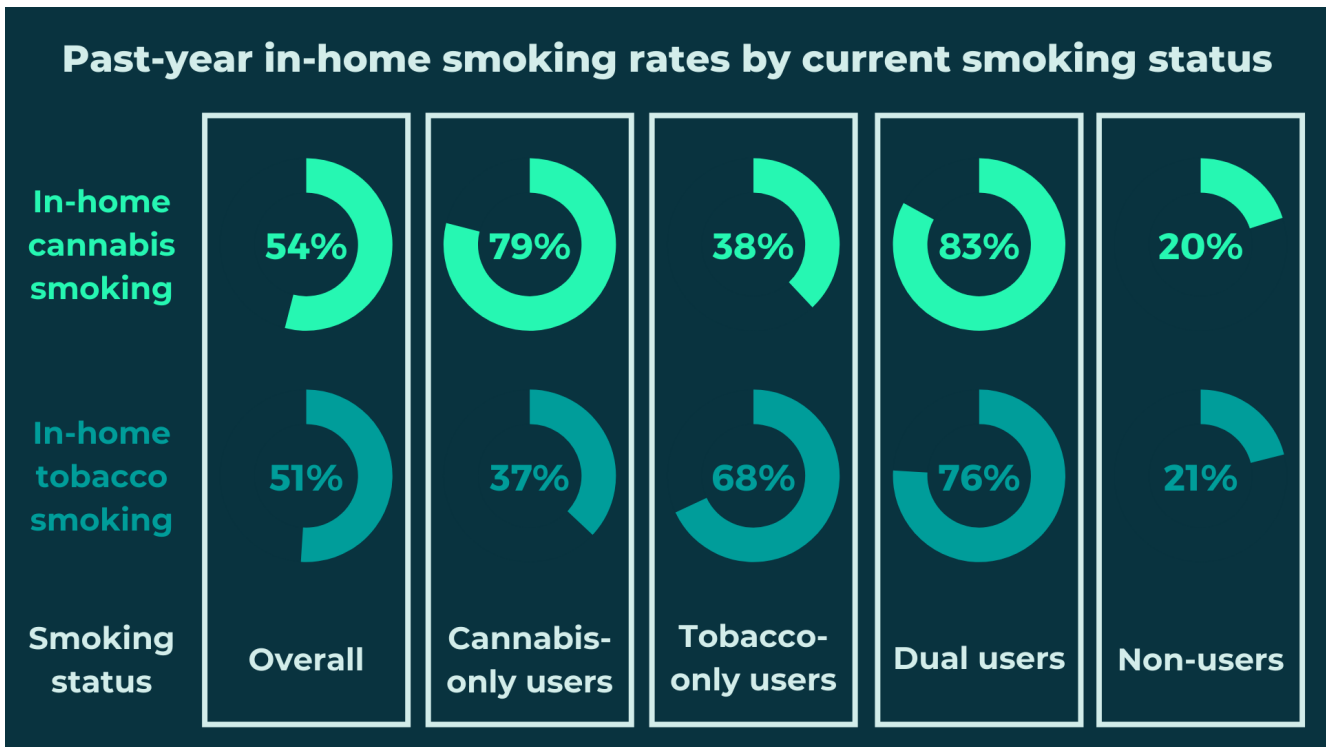


Figure. Percent of respondents (i.e., predicted probabilities) that reported smoking occurring in their homes during the past year, by current smoking status. Adjusted for age, sex, and country. Click image to enlarge.

### Why do these findings matter?

The overall majority of respondents reported that in-home cannabis smoking was more common than in-home tobacco smoking, and even many dual smokers permitted in-home cannabis smoking but not in-home tobacco smoking. This may be because people tend to view cannabis smoke as [less harmful than cigarette smoke](#), suggesting that further research and education is needed regarding the potential health risks of cannabis smoke, especially in the form of [secondhand smoke](#). Tobacco control efforts have been successful at [reducing in-home tobacco smoking](#). Given the current evidence of the potential health risks of cannabis, countries should consider implementing similar cannabis control policies to decrease exposure to cannabis smoke and its associated harms.

### Every study has limitations. What are the limitations in this study?

The findings are likely not [generalizable](#) to the global adult population as the study only included adults from 17 countries who reported using at least one psychoactive drug. The study also relied on [self-reports](#) of past-month and past-year occurrences, so response biases such as [social desirability](#) and [recall bias](#) may have influenced the results.

**For more information:**

[SmokeFree](#) offers tools and tips for quitting and maintaining abstinence from smoking tobacco. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention also provides [research and tips](#) about cigarettes and how to quit. For more details about addiction, visit our [Addiction Resources](#) page.

— Caitlyn Fong, MPH

*What do you think? Please use the comment link below to provide feedback on this article.*

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[1] In-home smoking was defined as any smoking in the participant's home, either by the participant or anyone else, in the past year. Participants were told not to include vaping or e-cigarette use.

[2] Current cannabis use was defined as any past-month use of cannabis products containing tetrahydrocannabinol (THC).

[3] Current tobacco use was defined as any past-month use of cigarettes, shisha/hookah, or tobacco mixed with cannabis.

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