

# **STASH, Vol. 13(1) - For adults only: Evolving attitudes about marijuana among gen X-ers**

January 25, 2017

As people age, their attitudes often change. Opinions can transform for many reasons. Circumstances evolve, people look at questions from different points of view, exposure to and knowledge about events and subjects changes. As multiple states legalize or consider legalizing marijuana, researchers have been surveying and studying changes in public opinion of marijuana use. This week, ASHES reviews a [longitudinal study](#) by Rick Kosterman and his colleagues on Gen X-ers' views on marijuana use as they moved from adolescence to adulthood.

## **What was the research question?**

Have these Gen X-ers' attitudes towards marijuana use changed over the last three decades?

## **What did the researchers do?**

Researchers with the [Seattle Social Development Project](#) began in 1985 with 1,053 fifth-graders from 18 elementary schools in the Seattle area. This longitudinal study followed these Gen X-ers from age 10 until age 39 (in 2014). They lost 12% of the sample to attrition. Across three decades, researchers surveyed participants on a number of risk factors and health issues. Kosterman and his colleagues focused on responses to a key question: whether "people your age" should be using marijuana. During the last assessment, when many of the participants were parents, the study collected data on the parents' views on their own children's marijuana use.

## **What did they find?**

The percentage of participants who approved of people their age using marijuana increased from 1% at age 10 to 52% at age 39. In the last wave of data collection, 19% reported that they either thought it was okay for their children to use marijuana or that the decision should be left to their children responses. (See figure.) By comparison, in a similar survey in 1991, only 6% of parents gave

similar responses.

### Why do these findings matter?

Like with alcohol, people see marijuana as riskier for kids than for adults. Still, it is alarming that adult acceptance of teen marijuana use has increased. Especially in locations where cannabis products are legal and available, efforts should be taken to educate parents and children about the potential legal and [health consequences of underage marijuana use](#).

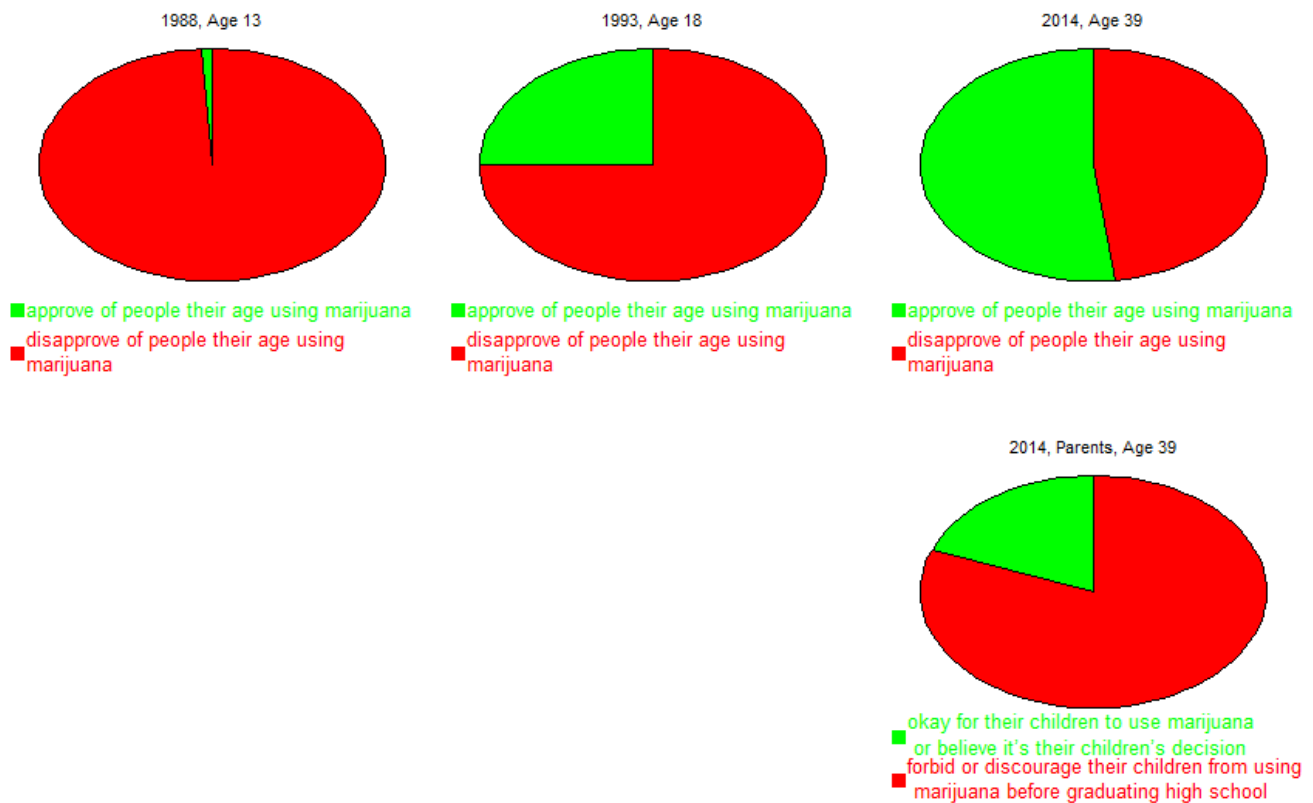


Figure. Pie charts of Gen X-ers' views of adolescent and adult marijuana use (adapted from Kosterman et al, 2016). Click image to enlarge.

### Every study has limitations. What about this one?

This study followed a cohort in one particular metropolitan area in the U.S., and may not represent other populations. In particular, Washington is one of the few states that has voted to legalize and regulate marijuana dispensaries. Results will likely not be similar in locales that have voted down similar measures. Furthermore, this longitudinal study did suffer some participant attrition. It is not clear if those who dropped out would have been more or less likely to respond in favor of or against marijuana use.

**For more information:**

Many states that have legalized marijuana use, such as [Colorado](#) and [Oregon](#), have webpages and information pamphlets dedicated to giving parents tips on preventing underage marijuana use.

— Matthew Tom

*What do you think?* Please use the comment link below to provide feedback on this article.